## **Metabolism**

## **Required:**

- 1. Summarize your understanding of carbohydrate metabolism by defining and discussing glycogenesis, glycogenolysis, gluconeogenesis.
- 2. Explain the metabolic pathways utilized to produce ATP from lipids: lipolysis and beta-oxidation.
- 3. Describe the conditions which result in keto-acidosis, especially in insulin-deficient diabetics.
- 4. Explain the methods utilized for production of ATP from proteins by discussing transamination and oxidative deamination reactions.
- 5. Discuss the catabolic-anabolic steady state of the body by describing the interconversions of proteins, fats, and carbs from food intake.
- 6. Describe the absorptive and post absorptive states.
- 7. Describe the hormonal control of the absorptive and post absorptive states (specifically the effects of insulin, glucagon and epinephrine).
- 8. Describe the role of the liver, adipose tissue and muscle in the absorptive and post absorptive states.
- 9. Describe the structure of LDLs and HDLs and describe how each functions in cholesterol metabolism.
- 10. Define *basal metabolic rate (BMR)* and describe how it is measured.
- 11. List the factors that affect the BMR.
- 12. Define TMR total metabolic rate and compare and contrast it to BMR.
- 13. Describe the mechanisms of heat gain and loss by the body.
- 14. Describe the mechanisms for regulation of body temperature.